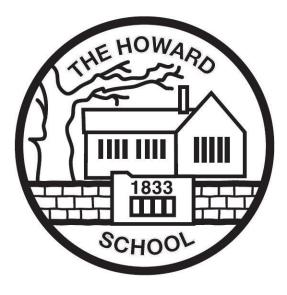
Ackworth Howard C of E School

Educating for 'life in all its fullness.'



Art and Design Curriculum – Essential Knowledge

Intent

At Ackworth Howard J&I School, we believe in nurturing the Arts and aspire to cultivate the gifts and talents of every child. We aim to develop: the mind (creativity, imagination, resourcefulness, innovation and enterprise); body (consideration of others, risk taking); and spirit (understanding of the impact on the wider world and culture, wealth and well-being of the nation) of each child.

<u>Mind</u>



Art at our school is an inspiring and practical subject that engages, inspires and challenges learners, equipping them with the knowledge and skills in order to experiment, invent, critically evaluate and be creative for themselves and for an audience. Learners build curiosity and excitement through rich first hand experiences and visits.

<u>Body</u>



Learners collaboration skills are developed through their art work. Children work practically through exploration, and by responding to inspiration from the life and works of artists, designers and architects. The unique talents of every child are embraced.

<u>Spirit</u>



We nurture the aspirations and hopes of our children so they can achieve highly. The children will express their own emotions and feelings through their own personal style. They will have a greater understanding of local artists and those in the wider world and through different times in history, developing an awareness of the contribution to the culture, creativity and wealth of the nation.

Early Years Art and Design

Area of Learning	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials	Activities
Three and Four Year Olds Physical Development	 Physical Development Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. 	 Drawing Experiment with a range of tools and name them. Draw from observation, memory and imagination. Draw on large and small scale. Draw upright and flat. Draw in sand, chalk and on the playground. Use pencils, felt tip pens, chalk, crayons and pastels.
Expressive Arts and Design	 Expressive Arts and Design Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Join different materials and explore different textures. Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc. Explore colour and colour mixing. 	 Explore with different types of paint – ready mix, powder, finger and watercolours. Use a range of applicators. Mix sawdust, sand, washing up liquids and pastes into paint to change its consistency and texture. Paint on different surfaces of sizes, shapes and colours of paper. Name and recognise the colours red, yellow, blue, green, orange and purple. Paint objects, and places from observation. Paint from memory and imagination. Sculpture Use a range of junk, found and natural materials to make models. Use glue, sticky tape and other fastenings. Identify and talk about sculpture in the environment. Use rolled up paper, art straws and pipe cleaners.

Early Years Art and Design

Area of Learning	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials	Activities	
Reception Physical Development	 Physical Development Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Develop overall body-strength, balance, coordination and agility. 	Printing •Create finger and handprints •Explore printing with found objects – sponges, cotton buds, building bricks, corks and fruit and vegetables. •Print sequential patterns •Use stencils to create patterns	
Expressive Arts and Design	 Expressive Arts and Design Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. 	 Print on paper and on fabric. Collage/Textiles Sort threads and fabrics and talk about colour and texture. Identify and talk about clothes and textiles in the environment. 	
ELG	 Physical Development – Fine Motor Skills Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. Expressive Art and Design – Creating with Materials Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. 	 Make pictures and collages using vivelle and other fabrics. Thread and weave into garden netting, fencing and mesh. Print onto fabrics. 	

Early Years Art Vocabulary

		Essential \	/ocabulary		
Drawing Draw Observation Memory Imagination Shape colour	Painting Paint Mix Brush Shape Size Colour Red Yellow Blue Green Orange Purple	Mc Gl Ta C Gl St Mate Pa Str Pipe c Cl Wc Me	oture odel ue pe ut ue ick erials per aw leaner ay ood etal stic	Print Print Finger Hand Sponge Fruit Cork Patterns Stencil	Collage/Textiles Sort Thread Weave Fabric Sequin Net
 Intended Learning Outcomes Talk about their creations. Use and explore a variety of resources, techniques and equipment, making choices and decisions along the way. Explore colour, texture, shape and patterns. Develop hand-eye coordination and fine motor skills. Develop mathematical language e.g. position, size, shape, comparisons. Manipulate a range of equipment and tools. Develop their own ideas over a period of time. Use resources purposefully expressing real life experiences. Talk through their ideas. 		 Imaginative/desc Vocabulary associa the objects/posters, 	Key Vocabulary and Ques s of materials and equipment, e.g. brush, print riptive language – when children are talking at paint, dab, shade, colour, splash, spray, ated with line and shape – round, curved, bend /photographs show us? What colours can you s r painting, printing? How did you? What do to use that colour/shape/bu	er, stamper, roller, charcoal etc. bout creative work e.g. pattern, print, mark, spatter, press etc. ly etc. What are you going to make? What do see? / What textures can you feel? What did you think about your? Why did you choose	

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught:	<u>Year 1</u>
 To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. 	 Drawing Introduce a range of tools which can produce marks on a variety of backgrounds. Use parts of a pencil to create different mark making effects. To begin to produce simple observational drawings of objects. Understand the difference between portrait and self portrait. Draw faces putting features in the correct places. Create moods in their drawings. Painting To be able to mix primary colours in order to make secondary colours. To use a colour wheel to identify the colours to mix. Develop a vocabulary to discuss colour – light/dark, hot/cold, happy/sad experiment with a wide range of applicators – brushes, sponges, rollers, combs, pads and cotton buds. To hold the applicators correctly. Communicate something about themselves and moods in their paintings. Sculpture Make models from balls of paper, tubes and masking tape. Cover models with tissue paper and glue. Know about health and safety rules (washing hands , use of tools and keeping clay off the floor)

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught:	Year 1 continued
 To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. 	 Printing Make marks in print with a variety of objects, including natural and made objects. Design own blocks with card and print with sponge rollers. Carry out different printing techniques e.g. finger, hand, fruit and vegetable, cotton buds etc Make rubbings and recognise pattern in the environment. Print onto paper and textile. Collage/Textiles Cut and tear paper and card for their collages. Gather and sort the materials they will need. Simple stitch into fabrics and designs. Weave into netting and using weaving boards. Use fabric paints and crayons Identify and name different forms of textiles. Children have the opportunity to learn from the works of famous artists, studying their techniques and processes. They will be exposed to a range of different artists through history. Describe what they can see and like in artists work. Ask sensible questions about a piece of art. use inspiration from famous artists to recreate their own art. Vincent Van Gogh Roger Hargreaves William Morris

Year 1 Art Vocabulary

	Essential Vocabulary					
Drawing	Painting	<u>Sculpture</u>	Printing	Textiles/Collage		
portrait self portrait line drawing Detail observational landscape cityscape Building Pastels Drawings line bold Size space.	Applicator Brush Sponge Primary Secondary Colours Shades Tones Light Dark Hot Cold mood	Models Tubes Paper Card Tissue Materials Tape Stick Glue Slot Clay Roll Cut Decorate	Design Block Mono Roller Sponge Press Stencil Pattern	Cut Tear Gather Sort Materials Design Fabric Stitch Weave		

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught:	Year 2
 To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. 	 Drawing *Draw objects from observation, memory and imagination. *Experiment with techniques to create a range of lines, forms, and shapes using graded drawing pencils. *Experiment using a range of pencils, pens and crayons pressing on hard, soft, different lines, dots and marks etc •Draw with charcoal and pastels, blending and smudging. *Children to use Sketch Books whilst mark making *Begin to show an awareness of pattern and texture in their drawing. Painting *Teach basic brush skills e.g. correct amount of paint on the brush, long and short strokes, different directions etc. *How to use more water to lighten colours. *Mix tints and shades (adding black and white) of one colour. *Produce a wash using large brushes and sponges. *Use correct brush size for different parts of painting. Sculpture *To reinforce understanding that sculpture is viewed from all angles. *Ask and answer questions about sculpture, what is it made of? what is it for? *To produce recognisable 3D representations using a range of resources. Use clay to make small sculptures. *Begin to join clay parts together and add line and shape to their clay work.

Pupils should be taught: Year 2 continued *To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. Printing *to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To make own simple print block using a variety of materials. *to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. "To make own simple print block using a variety of materials. *about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Collage and Textiles *Use different types of materials on their collage and explain why. *Colour fabric using natural dye such as tea, beetroot or berries. *Join fabrics using glue *Sew fabrics together *Create part of class patchwork. Children have the opportunity to learn from the works of famous artists, studying their technique will be exposed to a range of different artists and designers; *express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists; *express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists;		Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials	National Curriculum
 •to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination •to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. •about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Collage and Textiles •Colar fabric using natural dye such as tea, beetroot or berries. •Join fabrics using glue •See wfabrics together •Create part of class patchwork. 		Year 2 continued	Pupils should be taught:
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•to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.•Create prints by pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping.•about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.•Create prints by pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping.•Use differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.•Collage and Textiles •Create individual and group collage. •Use different types of materials on their collage and explain why. •Colour fabric using natural dye such as tea, beetroot or berries. •Join fabrics using glue •Sew fabrics together •Create part of class patchwork.•Children have the opportunity to learn from the works of famous artists, studying their technique will be exposed to a range of different artists through history.Children can: •describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers; •express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists;			
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express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists;		Children can:	
express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists;		describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers:	
use inspiration from famous.		-	
		use inspiration from famous.	
Kandinsky Monet		•	
Anthony Browne			

Year 2 Art Vocabulary

Essential Vocabulary					
Drawing	Painting	<u>Sculpture</u>	Printing	Collage/Textiles	
Observation Memory Imagination Portrait light dark Tone Shadow Line Pattern Texture Form shape outline Pressure Blend smudge	Applicator Brush Thick Fine Watercolour Primary Secondary Colours Mix Tints Shades	Angles Structure Design Decorate Clay pot Join Line shape	Screen Print Mono Pressing Rolling Rubbing Stamping	Individual Collaborate Group Materials Repeated Pattern Fabric Natural Dye Sew Patchwork	

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: •to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas. •to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) •about great artists, architects and designers in history.	Year 3 Drawing *To look closely during observational drawing. *Experiment with different grades of pencil and use them to scribble, shade cross hatch, dot dash and spiral. *Plan, refine and alter their drawings as necessary. Use their sketchbook to collect and record visual information from different sources. •Draw for a sustained period of time. *To appreciate that light and dark tones can provide depth in drawings. *Teach that light and dark tones in pencil ,charcoal and pastel drawings help to show form and shape incorporating landscape work. Painting *Look at and study a colour wheel for the colours you want to use in your work . (follows on from work in KS1) *Mix and match colours for purposes. *Learn to apply paints with control and using correct equipment. *Explore links between colours and feelings in their paintings. * Think about the composition of their work and perspective e.g. objects nearer will be more vibrant than far away objects. Sculpture *Add and build up onto their work to create texture. * Cut and join wood safely and effectively. Look at the changes in their clay model as it dries and is fired. * Produce larger clay sculptures using pinching and carving techniques, with more intricate details. * Make a simple papier mache object. * Work with life size materials.

Year 3				
National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials			
 Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas. to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) about great artists, architects and designers in history. 	Year 3 continued Printing •Make and print card blocks in two different colours. •Talk about the processes used to produce a simple print. •To explore pattern and shape, creating designs for printing. •Print onto different materials and fabrics. Collage/Textiles· •Children are able to cut accurately. •Show an awareness and name a range of different fabrics. •Begin to overlap and layer materials to experiment with different final looks. •Begin to use mosaic and montage. •Decorate fabric with tie dye. •Make a class wall hanging by putting individual pieces together. •Begin to use more than one stitch. Children continue to study the works of famous artists. They have more opportunity to offer opinion and to compare and contrast artists. Children will be exposed to a range of different artists through history, studying their techniques and processes. To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history. Children can: •use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work. •reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable artist and the development of their art skills. •express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artist and refer to techniques and effect. Unknown stoneage artist (Lion man) Frida Khalo David Hockney			

Year 3 Art Vocabulary

	Essential Vocabulary					
Drawing	Painting	Sculpture	Printing	Collage/Textiles		
Portrait Pencil Grade Scribble Shade Dot Cross hatch Dash Circle Spiral expression light dark Tone Shadow Pattern Texture Form shape outline	Brush Appropriate Size Control Equipment Accuracy Effects Colours Shades Feelings Moods Composition Perspective Vibrant	Materials Texture Nets Models Clay Intricate Patterns Carving Pinching Technique	Card blocks Fabrics Mono printing	Fabrics Accurately Overlap Layer Mosaic Montage Decorate Design Tie dye		

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
 Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas. to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) about great artists, architects and designers in history. 	Year 4 Drawing •Collect images and information independently in a sketchbook. •Use mirrors, viewfinders and magnifying glasses to aid observation. •To create a wide range of tones using graded drawing pencils . •Begin to show facial expressions and body language in their drawings of people. •To know that things are further away are lighter and greyer •Look at and discuss examples of drawings, look at tones in them and discuss why they have dark and light areas. •Have opportunities to develop further drawings featuring the third dimension and perspective. Painting •To be able to mix graduations of one colour e.g. dark green to light green by adding white and yellower greens by adding yellow. •Work in monochrome (shades of one colour) •Look at and make own paintings with background, foreground and middle ground. •To learn how to apply paint with increasing control. •Chearnet types of paint for different effects. •Start to develop a painting from a drawing. Sculpture •Design and make masks. •Make a slip to join pieces of clay •Begin to sculpt clay into larger shapes with intricate detail, using carving techniques.

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: •to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas . •to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) •about great artists, architects and designers in history.	Year 4 continued Collage/Textiles Use ceramic mosaic to produce a piece of art. Combine visual and tactile qualities. Change fabric structures by pulling threads out of hessian and replacing with coloured threads. Children continue to study the works of famous artists. They have more opportunity to offer opinion and to compare and contrast artists. Children will be exposed to a range of different artists through history, studying their techniques and processes. To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history. Children can: use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work. reflect upon their work inspired by a famous, notable artists and refer to techniques and effect. Grayson Perry Leonardo Da Vinci Illustrator – Nick Harris

Year 4 Art Vocabulary

	Essential Vocabulary					
Drawing	Painting	<u>Sculpture</u>	Printing	Collage/Textiles		
Portrait Observation Line Tone Scale Texture depth light dark Shadow Pattern Form shape outline Facial expression Dimension Perspective	Texture Light Dark Shade Tome Complimentary Blocking Monochrome Background Foreground Middle ground Moods	Tissue paper Glue Sculptors Slab pot Slip Carving Technique Decorate Coil Masks Modroc	Accurate Mono Relief Fabric Repeating patterns Resist Marbling Silkscreen Cold water paste	Ceramic Mosaic Visual Tactile Fabric Structures Thread Hessian		

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: •to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas . •to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) •about great artists, architects and designers in history.	 Year 5 Drawing Use a variety of source material for their work and use a sketch book to develop ideas. Use a new media, such as pen and ink. To be able to demonstrate the illusion of depth using different tones, white and black with charcoal and pastels Work in a sustained and independent way from observation, experience and imagination. To use viewing frames to focus on detail. Develop further simple perspective in using a single focal point and horizon. Understand apply the skills of hatching and cross hatching. Painting To learn how to apply paint with increasing control. To choose and use the correct size brush. To use different types of paint for different effects and layer paints to add detail to background colours. Use knowledge of primary, secondary and complementary colours to mix tones used to create foregrounds, backgrounds and mid grounds in landscapes and seascapes. Reproduce tones and shades to reproduce the objects in 2D. Look at use of colour in perspective e.g. landscapes and sunsets Start to develop their own style and express their emotions through their painting.

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
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Year 5 Art Vocabulary

	Essential Vocabulary				
Drawing	Painting	<u>Sculpture</u>	Printing	Collage/Textiles	
Line Texture Pattern Shape Form Tone Smudge Blend Hatch Hard Soft Light Heavy Mural Fresco Portrait Graffiti Illusion Pen Ink	Control Care Accuracy Layer Background Tones Mood feeling Expression Emotions Style	Marquette Prototype Carve Technique Model Frame Armature Modroc	Overlay Mono Screen Stitch	Visual Tactile Weaving Stitch Embroidery Batik Thread Fabrics Knitting lace	

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
 Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas. to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) about great artists, architects and designers in history. 	Year 6 continued Drawing • To draw using a range of media, including pastels, charcoal and inks. • Communicate emotions through sketching and have a sense of accuracy and imagination. • To be able to demonstrate the illusion of depth using line, tone and hatching . • To use viewing frames to focus on detail. • To compose pictures with foreground and background, applying skills of perspective. Painting • Work in a sustained way and establish their own style of painting • Purposely control and use a range of techniques with increasing accuracy. • Experiment with different effects and textures including colour blocking, washes, thickened paint creating textural effects. • Mix colour, shades and tones with confidence building on previous knowledge. Sculpture • Use wood and card scraps to make panels • Create models on a range of scales • Create work which is open to interpretation by the audience • Research, design and make to a specific brief, e.g make a bowl

National Curriculum	Ackworth Howard's Knowledge Essentials
Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: •to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas . •to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) •about great artists, architects and designers in history.	Year 6 continued Printing •Overprint using different colours. •Print for a specific purpose such as Christmas cards or wrapping paper. •Link print making to Numeracy by making a block and rotating it different degrees to make a design. Children continue to learn from the works of famous artists. They now expand their knowledge by looking at the range of more famous artists. Children comment on the work of famous artists and name their pieces of work. To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history. Children can: • give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work. • offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' lives. • Henry Moore • Banksy

Year 6 Art Vocabulary

Essential Vocabulary				
Drawing	Painting	<u>Sculpture</u>	Printing	Collage/Textiles
Line Texture Pattern Shape Form Tone Smudge Blend Hatch Hard Soft Light Heavy Mural Fresco Portrait Graffiti Illusion Pen Ink Perspective Horizon Composition Proportion	Control Care Accuracy Layer Background Tones Mood feeling Expression Emotions Style	Marquette Prototype Carve Technique Model Frame Armature Modroc Research Design Evaluate	Methods Specific Purpose Block Rotating	Mood board Visual Tactile Weaving Stitch Embroidery Batik Thread Fabrics Knitting Lace Transfer paper

Aspirational Outcomes...

- All children have the opportunity to develop a love and appreciation of art.
- All children explore their ideas and record their experiences when producing creative work.
- All children are provided with opportunities to develop confidence in order to be creative when using a wide range of materials.
- All children have the opportunity to acquire proficiency in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques.
- All children can evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.
- All children know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural developments of their art forms.
- All children take pride in and have a sense of personal ownership over their sketch book and artistic journey.